AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

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Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A fuel cell comprising:

a membrane electrode assembly having an anode, a cathode and a polymer electrolyte membrane disposed between said anode and said cathode;

an anode-side separator and a cathode-side separator that sandwich said membrane electrode assembly and face to each other;

a cooling fluid channel for supplying and exhausting a cooling fluid for cooling said membrane electrode assembly which is formed in at least one of said anode-side separator and said cathode-side separator;

a fuel gas channel for supplying and exhausting a fuel gas serving as a reaction gas to said membrane electrode assembly which is formed in said anode-side separator;

an oxidant gas channel for supplying and exhausting an oxidant gas serving as a reaction gas to said membrane electrode assembly which is formed in said cathode-side separator;

an anode-side gasket for sealing said reaction gas which is disposed in the outer portion of said membrane electrode assembly and on the main surface of said anode-side separator facing said membrane electrode assembly; and

a cathode-side gasket for sealing said reaction gas which is disposed in the outer portion of said membrane electrode assembly and on the main surface of said cathode-side separator facing said membrane electrode assembly such that said cathode-side gasket faces to said anode-side gasket;

wherein said cooling fluid channel, said fuel gas channel and said oxidant gas channel are formed such that their main portions are substantially parallel to each other;

an upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel of at least one of said anode-side separator and said cathode-side separator is formed such that it includes at least one of a region corresponding to an anode-side gap formed between said anode-side gasket and said membrane electrode assembly and a region corresponding to a cathode-side gap formed between said cathode-side gasket and said membrane electrode assembly, and said upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel is formed such that it includes a region corresponding to a middle stream portion and a subsequent portion of at least one of said fuel gas channel and said oxidant gas channel,

said upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel, said anode-side gap, said cathode-side gap, said middle stream portion and said subsequent portion are arranged to allow water vapor contained in said reaction gas that flows into said anode-side gap and water vapor contained in said reaction gas that flows into said cathode-side gap to condense in at least a part of said anode-side gap and said cathode-side gap, and to allow the condensed water to fill at least one of said anode-side gap and said cathode-side gap.

in at least one of said anode-side separator and said cathode-side separator, a flow direction of said cooling fluid that flows in an inside region of said cooling fluid channel from upstream to downstream and a flow direction of said reaction gas that flows in an inside region of each of said fuel gas channel and said oxidant gas channel from upstream to downstream are substantially the same, and

said cooling fluid channel, said fuel gas channel and said oxidant gas channel each have a serpentine structure.

2. (Original) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1,

wherein said polymer electrolyte membrane has a larger main surface than main surfaces of said anode and said cathode, and entire periphery of the main surface of said polymer electrolyte membrane extends outwardly beyond a periphery of main surface of said anode and a periphery of main surface of said cathode,

said anode-side gasket and said cathode-side gasket are disposed between said anode-side separator and said cathode-side separator such that said anode-side gasket and said cathode-side gasket face to each other and they sandwich the entire periphery of said polymer electrolyte membrane;

said anode-side gap comprises a space including said polymer electrolyte membrane, said anode-side gasket, said anode-side separator and an end face of said anode; and

said cathode-side gap comprises a space including said polymer electrolyte membrane, said cathode-side gasket, said cathode-side separator and an end face of said cathode.

3. (Original) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1,

wherein said upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel of said anode-side separator is formed in a region corresponding to said anode-side gap so that said water vapor of said reaction gas that flows into said anode-side gap is condensed and said cathode-side gap is filled with the condensed water.

4. (Original) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1,

wherein said upstream portions of said cooling fluid channels of said anode-side separator and said cathode-side separator are formed such that they include at least one of said

region corresponding to said anode-side gap and said region corresponding to said cathode-side gap, and

said upstream portions of said cooling fluid channels are formed such that they include a region corresponding to a middle stream portion and subsequent portion of at least one of said fuel gas channel and said oxidant gas channel.

5. (Original) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1,

wherein said anode-side gasket and said cathode-side gasket are continuous circular members,

in said anode-side separator and said cathode-side separator, a manifold aperture for supplying cooling fluid and a manifold aperture for exhausting cooling fluid connected by said cooling fluid channel are formed on the outside of said anode-side gasket and said cathode-side gasket, and

said anode-side gap and said cathode-side gap each have a first route and a second route longer than said first route.

6. (Previously Presented) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 5,

wherein said upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel of at least one of said anodeside separator and said cathode-side separator is formed in a region corresponding to said first route of said anode-side gap and said cathode-side gap.

7. (Previously Presented) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 5,

wherein said upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel of at least one of said anodeside separator and said cathode-side separator is formed in a region corresponding to said second route of said anode-side gap and said cathode-side gap.

8. (Original) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1,

wherein said upstream portion of said cooling fluid channel of at least one of said anodeside separator and said cathode-side separator and a downstream portion of said gas channel are formed such that they correspond to each other.

9-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Original) A fuel cell stack comprising a plurality of fuel cells stacked,

wherein at least one fuel cell according to claim 1 is incorporated into said fuel cell stack as a fuel cell.

12. (Previously Presented) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1, wherein the upstream portion of the cooling fluid channel is a portion extending from an end of the cooling fluid channel connecting to a manifold aperture for supplying cooling fluid to a position that satisfies the equation: $L1 \le L2$,

where: L1 represents a length of the upstream portion of the cooling fluid channel, and

L2 represents the total length of the anode-side gap in the case where the anode-side gap is a gas channel when the cooling fluid channel is formed in the anode-side separator, or the total length of the cathode-side gap in the case where the cathode-side gap is a gas channel when the cooling fluid channel is formed in the cathode-side separator.

13. (Previously Presented) The fuel cell in accordance with claim 1, wherein the middle stream portion and subsequent portion of at least one of the fuel gas channel and the oxidant gas channel, is a portion extending from an end of the gas channel connecting to a manifold aperture for exhausting reaction gas to a position that satisfies the equation: $L3 \le \{(2/3) \times L4\}$,

where: L3 represents the length of the middle stream portion and subsequent portion, and

L4 represents the length of the fuel gas channel or the oxidant gas channel.